



Year 1/2 History – How did the Great Fire Change London?

Tier 3 Vocabulary	
Population	The number of people living in a place
Flammable	Easily set on fire
Rebuilt	Build again after something has been destroyed
Source	An object which gives some evidence or information
Significant	Something that is important
Extinguish	To put out a fire

Timeline of key events

Sunday 2nd September 1666:
The fire starts at about 1am in Thomas Farriner's Bakery on Pudding Lane.


Monday 3rd September 1666:
The fire spreads and gets very close to the Tower of London.

Tuesday 4th September 1666:
St Paul's Cathedral is destroyed by the fire.

Wednesday 5th September 1666:
The wind dies down and the fire spreads more slowly.

Thursday 6th September 1666:
The fire is finally extinguished, and thousands of people are left homeless.

What was London like before the fire started?




Narrow streets, Wooden Houses, Wind, Hot Summer

Why was the fire so significant?



Destruction of houses, Churches and St Paul's Cathedral

What changed after the fire?



Christopher Wren redesigned London Wider, cleaner streets Organised Fire Brigade Houses made from non-flammable materials

