## Knowledge Organiser Year 6 Geography: Coasts

Tier 3 Vocabulary : Geographical Skills		Tier 3 Vocabulary : Coasts	
Region	An area, especially part of a country having definable	7,760miles	The length of the UK coastline.
	characteristics but not always fixed boundaries. The UK	Headland	A narrow piece of land that projects from a coastline into the
	is split into 12 regions.		sea.
County	A county is an area of a region or country that is larger	Caves	When waves attack a crack in the headland they erode it so
	than a city and has its own government to deal with		that it widens. The crack then becomes a cave
	local matters. It is made up of cities, towns and rural	Arch	Waves erode the back of a cave right through the headland.
	areas.	Stack	The roof of an arch is eroded so much that it collapses into
City	A large town or any town in the UK which has a		the sea.
	cathedral or a university.	Stump	When a stack is eroded by the sea and turns from a large
Town	A town is a human settlement which is larger than a		lump of rock down to a small piece.
	village but smaller than a city.	Coastal	Coastal erosion is the wearing a way of land and the removal
Coast	The area where the land meets the sea or ocean. It is	Erosion	of beach or dune sediments by: Hydraulic Action, Abrasion,
	also known as a coastline.		Corrosion and Attrition.



A **topographic map** is a map that indicates the features of the land's surface, such as mountains, hills, and valleys.



An **ordnance survey map** is a map which shows all the roads, paths, hills etc of an area in detail.

All OS maps use the same symbols, which are included in a key so people using the map know what each symbol represents.



Features of a Coastline

Things I should already know that are linked with this unit are: countries of the UK (Y3); regions of the UK (Y5).

This unit will help me in the future when I work with Ordnance Survey maps, including using grid references and scale, topographical and other thematic mapping, and climate and coasts in KS3.