Knowledge Organiser for Year 6 History: What impact did World War II have on the local area?

Important People

Winston Churchill:

Prime Minister 1940 to 1945 and again from 1951 to 1955.



Neville Chamberlain:Prime Minister May 1937 to May 1940.



Adolf Hitler: Leader of the Nazi Party and Chancellor of Germany 1933- 1945.



Tier 3 Vocabulary	
Axis	Countries which fought on the German side (including: Italy, Germany and Japan).
Allies	Countries which fought on the British side (including: USA, Great Britain, France and Russia (1941-1945)).
Nazi	Member of the German political party which came to power in 1933.
Conscription	The process of forcing people by law to join the armed services.
Evacuation	Organised movement of children and the vulnerable from towns and cities to safe zones.
Black out	System of ensuring no lights were visible after dark so that buildings could not be spotted by enemy planes.
Rationing	The controlled distribution of scarce resources (food/clothing).
Gas mask	Face mask to protect people against poison gas.
Air raid	An attack by planes dropping bombs.
Air raid shelter	A building to protect people from bombs.

Local Area

Men aged 18-41 were **conscripted** into the armed forces to fight in the war, unless they worked in a **reserved occupation**. Others joined the **Home Guard. Air Raid Precaution Wardens** volunteered to protect people during air raids. Men who refused to be conscripted were known as **Conscientious Objectors.**

Women took on new roles during WW2. These included working in factories, joining an armed service (ATS, WRNS and WAAF), working on farms to produce food in the Women's Land Army, or joining the Women's Volunteer Service. Some women became Special Operations Executives to spy for the country.

Children were **evacuated** to Cambridgeshire from urban areas such as London.

Due to the **geography** of Cambridgeshire, many **airbases** were built during WW2 (including Duxford, Oakington and Waterbeach) and land was used to **grow food** for the war effort.

Fimeline

1st September 1939: Hitler invades Poland. May 1940: Neville Chamberlain resigns and Winston Churchill becomes Prime Minister **December 1941:** Japanese forces bomb Pearl Harbour in the United States of America.

30th April 1945: Hitler dies. 8th May 1945: VE Day

3rd September 1939: Britain (Neville Chamberlain) declares war on Nazi Germany.

June 1941: Nazis first invade the Soviet Union (now known as Russia) **6th June 1944: Allied** forces land on the beaches in France. This is known as D-Day.

4th May 1945: Nazi Germany surrenders.

August 1945: USA drops the atom bomb on Japan.

Prior learning: KS2 – Conflict and alliance - Year 4 Tudors and the Civil War. **Invasion and colonisation – Year 5** Persian invasion of Greece and the colonisation of America by Britain.

Future learning: KS3 – The Great Depression and the rise of dictators, WWII and the wartime leadership of Winston Churchill.